

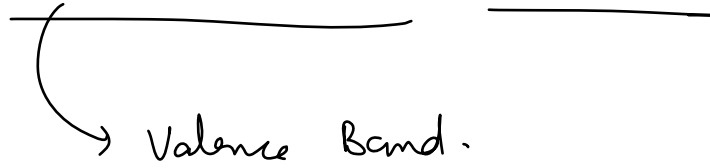
eg  $\rightarrow$  Si / Ge (1.1 eV, 0.7 eV) -

- p-type: (Trivalent element) -  
 charge carriers  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{holes} \\ \text{electrons} \end{array} \right.$   
holes

- n-type (Pentavalent material) -  
electrons

*[Handwritten marks]*

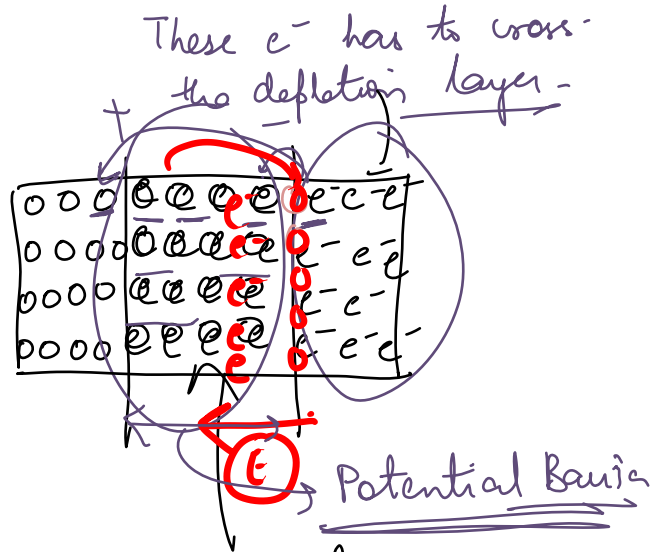
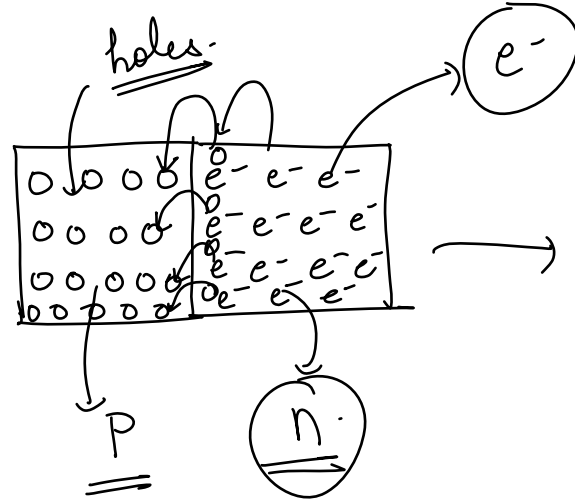
Fermi-level in p-type semiconductor.



n-type  $\rightarrow E_c$ :

• P-N Junction:

A P-N junction is an interface formed between two semiconductor materials (p-type & n-type).

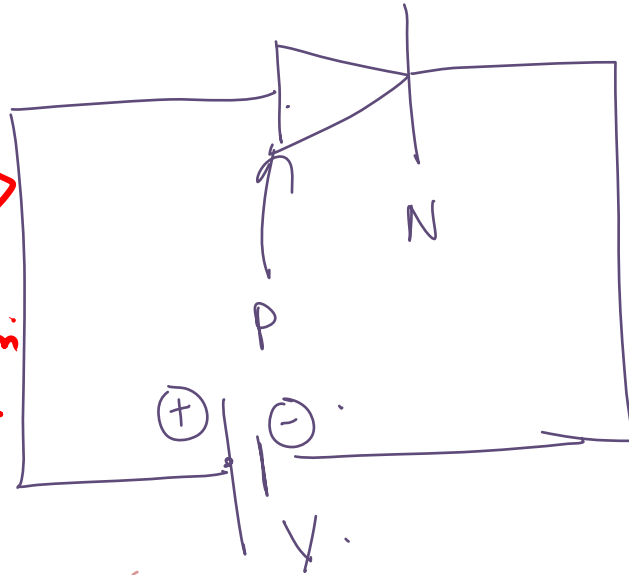


Depletion layer will be formed.

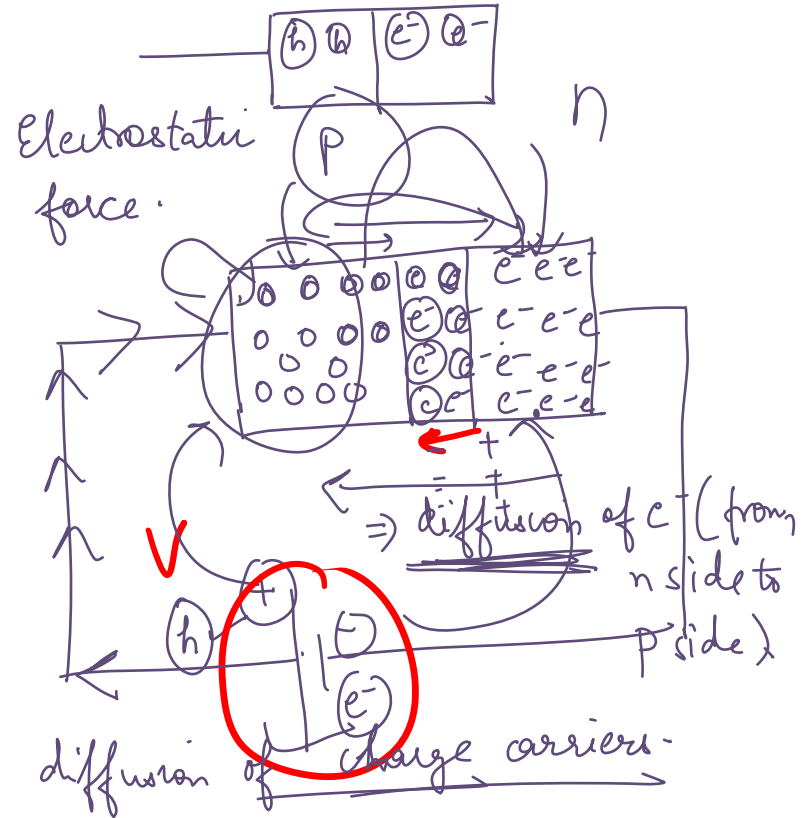
width = 400 nm -  
of depletion layer. Electric field =  $8 \times 10^5$  V/m.

Forward Bias:

Applied voltage  $>$   
 Depletion layer.



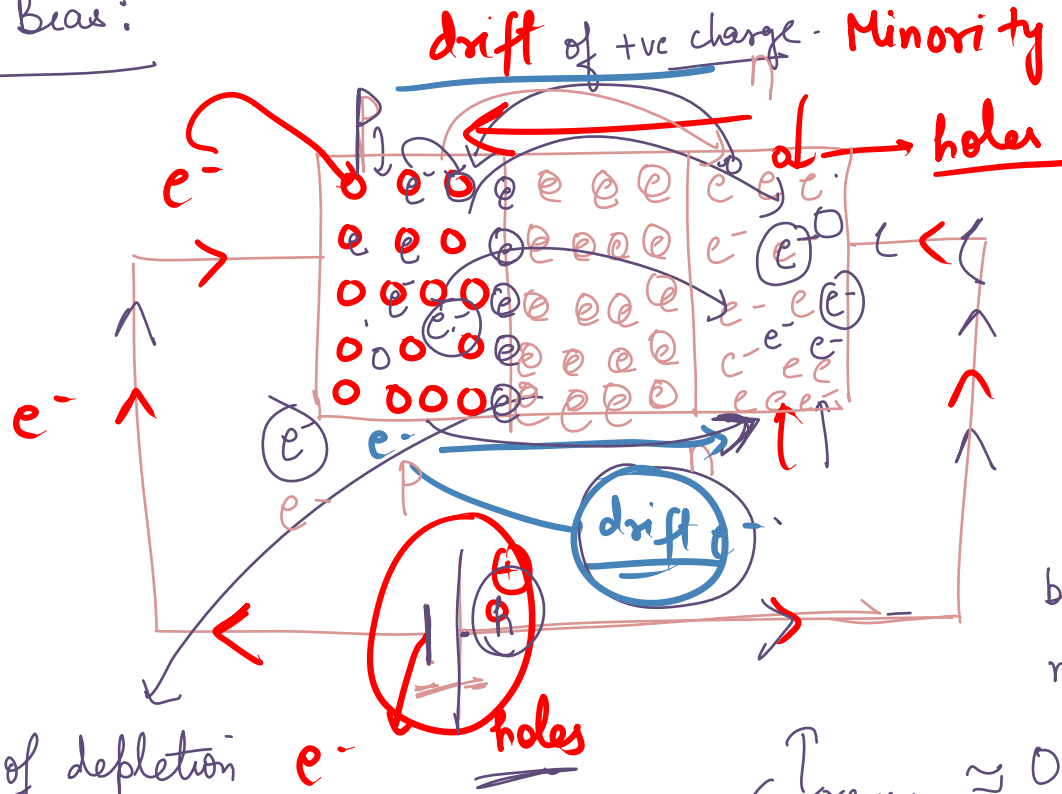
Current flow from 'p' to 'n' side  
 holes  $\rightarrow$   $e^-$   
 p side - n side -



Reverse Bias:

(Flow of minority carrier)

~~drift~~



drift of +ve charge - Minority carrier (holes)  
 $F_c$

Drift current:

Majority carriers on both the sides are not flowing.

Width of depletion layer also increases.

$I_{reverse} \approx 0$   
 Drift of minority carrier