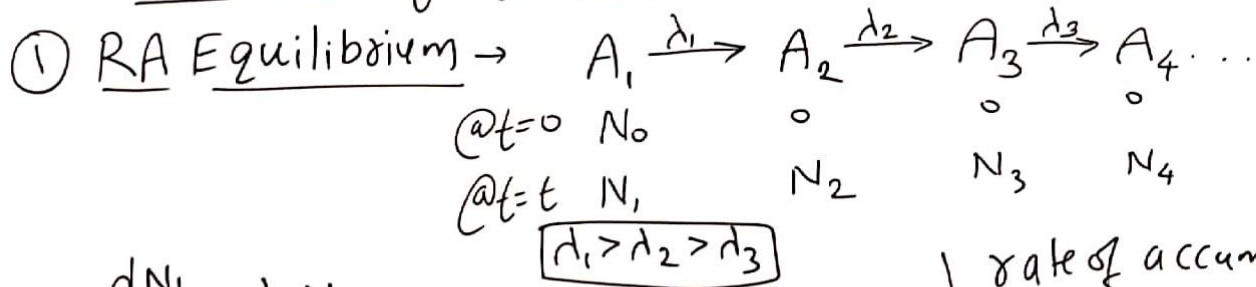


Session #41 - Modern Physics III

Radioactivity (RA Equilibrium & Simultaneous Decay)



$$-\frac{dN_1}{dt} = \lambda_1 N_1$$

rate of accumulation of A_2

$$= \text{rate of prod}^n A_2 - \text{rate of decay of } A_2$$

$$\text{rate of prod}^n \text{ of } A_2 = \text{rate of decay of } A_1$$

$$= \lambda_1 N_1$$

$$\text{rate of decay of } A_2 = -\frac{dN_2}{dt} = \lambda_2 N_2$$

rate of accumulation of A_2

$$= \lambda_1 N_1 - \lambda_2 N_2$$

@ RA equilibrium,

$$\text{rate of accumulation of } A_2 = 0$$

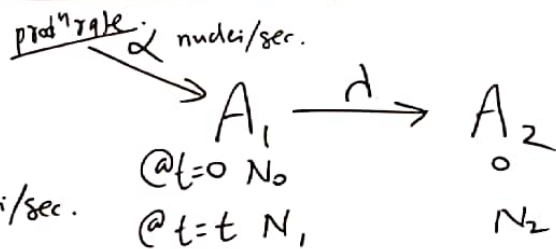
$$\Rightarrow \lambda_1 N_1 - \lambda_2 N_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{N_1}{N_2} = \frac{\lambda_2}{\lambda_1} = \frac{T_{1/2}^1}{T_{1/2}^2} = \frac{T_m^1}{T_m^2}}$$

Session #41 - Modern Physics III

Radioactivity (RA Equilibrium & Simultaneous Decay)

① RA Equilibrium →



A_1 is getting produced @ α nuclei/sec.

For RA equilibrium.

$$-\frac{dN_1}{dt} = \lambda N_1$$

rate of accumulation of $A_1 = \alpha - \lambda N_1$

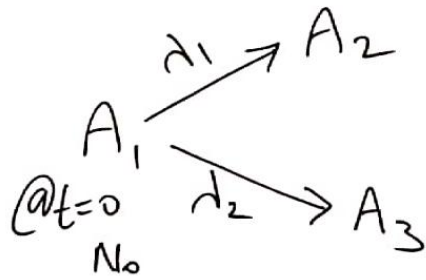
@ Equilibrium, $\alpha - \lambda N_1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{N_1 = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda}}$$

Session #41 - Modern Physics III

Radioactivity (RA Equilibrium & Simultaneous Decay)

② Simultaneous Decay →



$$\begin{aligned} \text{@ } t=0 & \quad N_0 \\ \text{@ } t=t & \quad N_1 \end{aligned} \quad -\frac{dN_1}{dt} = \lambda_1 N_1 + \lambda_2 N_1$$

$$-\frac{dN_1}{dt} = (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) N_1$$

$$\boxed{\lambda_{\text{eff}} = \lambda_1 + \lambda_2} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1}{T_{1/2}^{\text{eff}}} = \frac{1}{T_{1/2}^1} + \frac{1}{T_{1/2}^2}}$$

Session #41 - Modern Physics - Review - Micronotes - PMA@B

Strategy → Shortest to shorter to shoot ↓ personalized.

①. Dual nature of light - (particle & wave)

②. story of light →

③. Photo electric effect

④. Radiation force & press. -

⑤. DeBroglie's Hypothesis
(5 formulae)

⑥. Davisson-Germer Expt.

⑨ Nuclear Physics → ① Nuclear Constitution →
② classification → similarity
→ stability

⑦ Atomic Models

Thomson model

Lenard's model

Rutherford's model → α -scattering Expt.

→ Stability
→ H-spectrum

→ Nuclear Atomic model.

H-spectrum - Rydberg's formula

⑧ X-rays → Ch. X-ray

(2 kinds)

