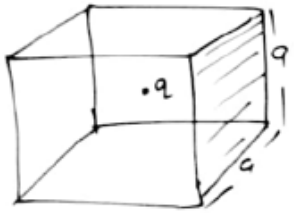
#1- Charge placed at centre of Cube



Q1) flux through the Cube:

$$\phi_t = \frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$$

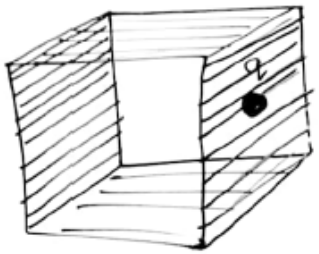
Unit – $N\text{-}m^2/C$

Q2) flux through the each side.

6 Side = $\frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$

1 Side = $\frac{q}{6\varepsilon_0}$

#2) Charge placed at mid of a side of Cube.



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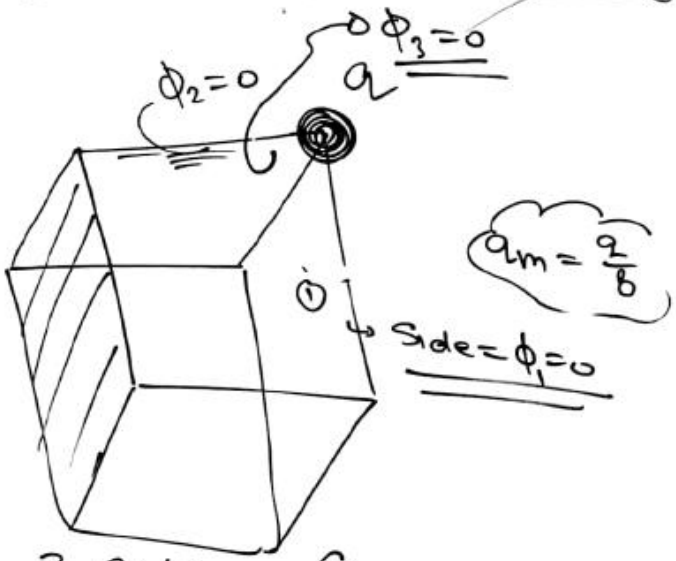
(a) find total flux through the Cube.

$$\phi = \frac{q_{in}}{\varepsilon_0} = \frac{q/2}{\varepsilon_0} = \frac{q}{2\varepsilon_0}$$

(#) 3:

Charge are placed at corner of Cube:-



3 Side $= \frac{q}{8\varepsilon_0}$

1 Side $= \frac{q}{24\varepsilon_0}$

(a) find flux through the cube.

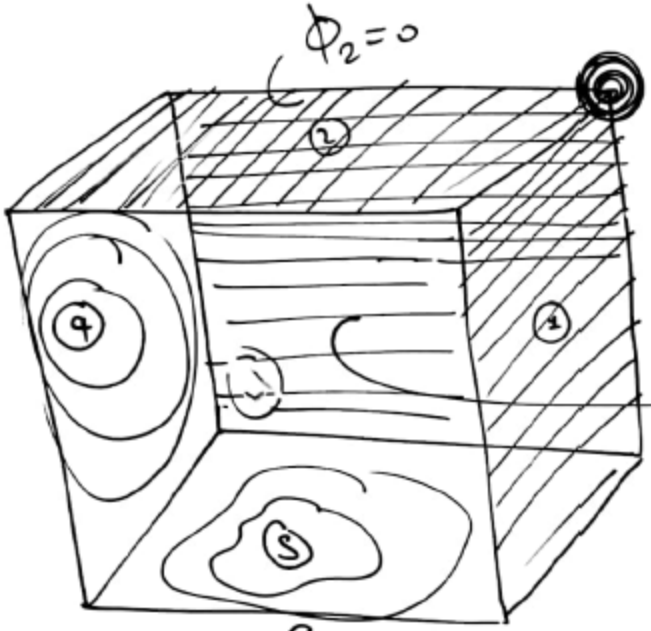
$$\phi = \frac{q_{in}}{\varepsilon_0}$$

$$q_{in} = \frac{q}{8}$$

$$\phi = \frac{q}{8\varepsilon_0}$$

(**) (b) flux through shaded region.

$$\frac{q}{24\varepsilon_0}$$



$\Rightarrow (\phi_{Total})_{cube} = \frac{q/8}{\varepsilon_0}$

$= \frac{q}{8\varepsilon_0}$

$\phi_1 = 0$

$\phi_3 = 0$

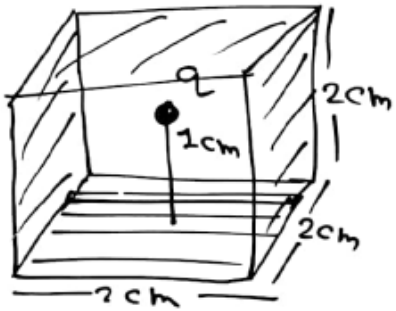
(b) $\phi_{through\ 1,2,3}$ is zero

3 Side $= \frac{q}{8\varepsilon_0}$

1 Side $= \frac{q}{8\varepsilon \times 3} = \frac{q}{24\varepsilon_0}$

Find flux through shaded region.

P/Z



6 Side = $\frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$

1 Side = $\frac{q}{6\varepsilon_0}$

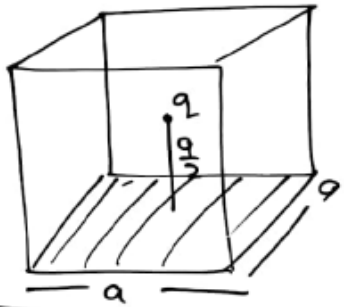
(a) $\frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$

(b) $\frac{q}{6\varepsilon_0}$

(c) $\frac{q}{2\varepsilon_0}$

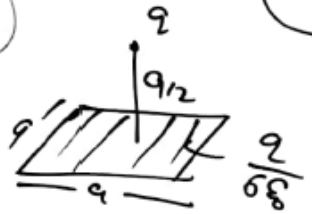
(d) $\frac{q}{4\varepsilon_0}$

(#)



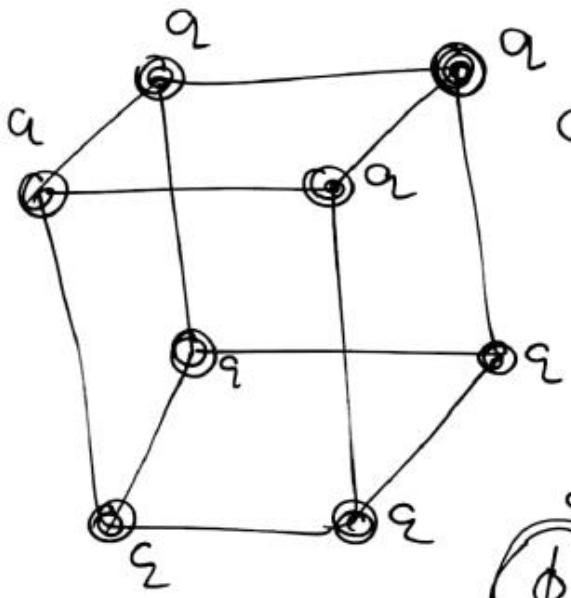
$\phi_{total} = \frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$

$\phi_{oneSide} = \frac{q}{6\varepsilon_0}$



$\frac{q}{6\varepsilon_0}$

Find total flux



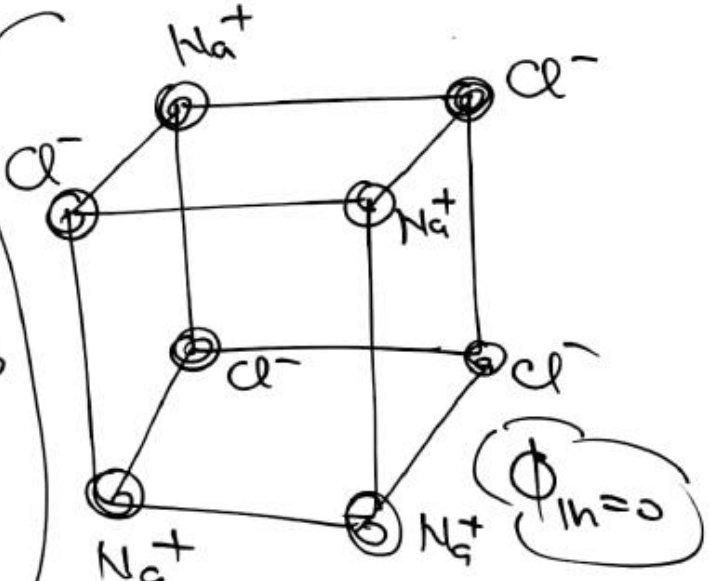
$$q_{in} = \frac{q}{8} + \frac{q}{8} + \frac{q}{8} + \frac{q}{8} + \frac{q}{8} + \frac{q}{8} + \frac{q}{8} + \frac{q}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8q}{8}$$

$$= q$$

$q_{in} = q$

$\phi = \frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$



$\phi = 0$

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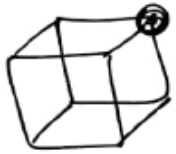
Q1) What is the flux through a cube of side a if a point charge q is at one of its corner?

(a) $\frac{2q}{\varepsilon_0}$ (b) $\frac{q}{8\varepsilon_0}$ (c) $\frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$ (d) $\frac{q}{2\varepsilon_0}$ $6a^2$



q_{in} the cube $= \frac{q}{8}$

$\phi = \frac{q_{in}}{\varepsilon_0} = \frac{q/8}{\varepsilon_0} = \frac{q}{8\varepsilon_0}$

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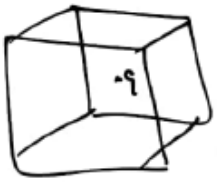
Q2) A charge 8μC is placed at the centre of a cube, the flux coming out from each face will be.

(a) $\frac{8}{6\varepsilon_0} \times 10^{-6}$ (b) $\frac{8}{6\varepsilon_0} \times 10^{-3}$ (c) $\frac{8}{24\varepsilon_0}$ (d) $\frac{8}{8\varepsilon_0}$



each side $= \frac{q_{in}}{6\varepsilon_0} = \frac{8 \times 10^{-6}}{6\varepsilon_0}$

Q3) AIPMT

A charge Q is situated at the corner of a cube, the electric flux passing through all the six faces of the cube is

(a) $\frac{Q}{6\varepsilon_0}$ (b) $\frac{Q}{8\varepsilon_0}$ (c) $\frac{Q}{\varepsilon_0}$ (d) $\frac{Q}{2\varepsilon_0}$

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Q4)