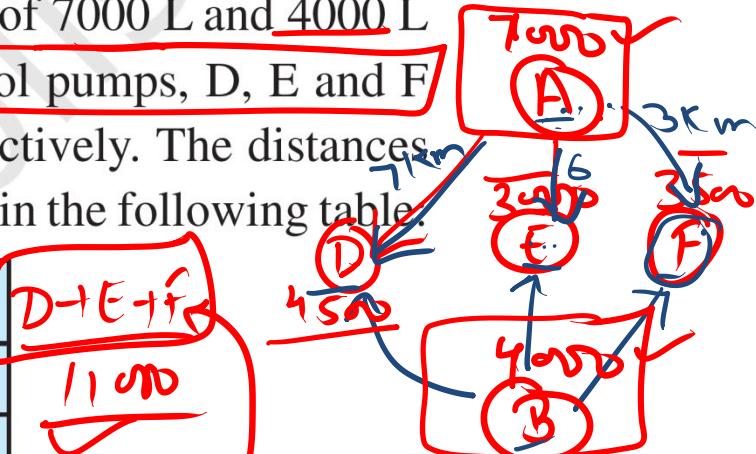


An oil company has two depots A and B with capacities of 7000 L and 4000 L respectively. The company is to supply oil to three petrol pumps, D, E and F whose requirements are 4500L, 3000L and 3500L respectively. The distances (in km) between the depots and the petrol pumps is given in the following table.

Distance in (km.)		
From / To	A	B
D	7	3
E	6	4
F	3	2



$$\begin{aligned} & \text{D+E+F} \\ & 11000 \\ & \text{A+B} \end{aligned}$$

Assuming that the transportation cost of 10 litres of oil is Re 1 per km, how should the delivery be scheduled in order that the transportation cost is minimum? What is the minimum cost?

	A	B
From 190		
D	7	3
E	6	4
F	3	2

Cost  $\rightarrow$  10 lit.  $\rightarrow$  1 Rs/km  
 1 litre cost  $\rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{10}$  Rs/km  
 Find  $\rightarrow$  Trans. Cost is minimum.

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cost} = \frac{1}{10} \times 7 \times x + \frac{1}{10} \times 6 \times y + \frac{1}{10} \times 3 \times [7000 - (x+y)] + \frac{1}{10} \times 3 \times (4500 - x) + \frac{1}{10} \times 4 \times (3000 - y) + \frac{1}{10} \times 2 \times (x+y - 3500)$$

Let Supply from A  $\xrightarrow{10}$  D =  $x$  lit.

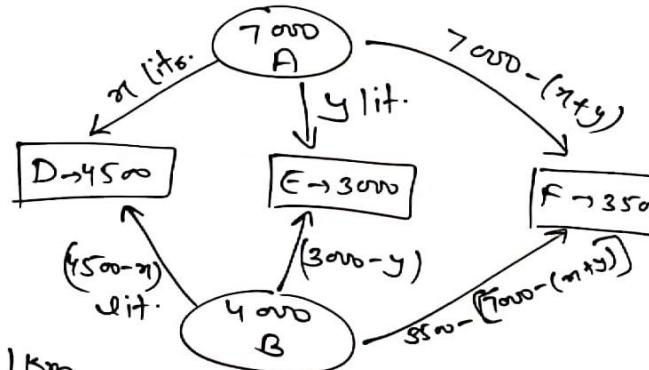
— 1 — A to E =  $y$  lit.

— 1 — A to F =  $[7000 - (x+y)]$  lit.

8 Supply from B to D  $\rightarrow$   $(4500 - x)$  lit.

B to E  $\rightarrow$   $(3000 - y)$  lit.

B to F  $\rightarrow$   $x+y - 3500$



$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{6}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\frac{8}{10} - \frac{7}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$Z = \frac{7}{10}x + \frac{6}{10}y + \cancel{\frac{2}{10}1000} - \frac{3}{10}x - \frac{3}{10}y + 1350 - \frac{3}{10}x$$

$$+ 1200 - \frac{4}{10}y + \frac{2}{10}x + \frac{2}{10}y - 700$$

$$\Rightarrow Z = 0.3x + 0.1y + 3950 \quad \underline{\text{min}}$$

Sub. to:-  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$  -①

$$\rightarrow 7000 - (x+y) \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow (x+y) \leq 7000 \quad \text{---} \textcircled{II}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4500 - x \geq 0$$

$$x \leq 4500 \quad \text{---} \textcircled{III}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3000 - y \geq 0 \rightarrow y \leq 3000 \quad \text{---} \textcircled{IV}$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+y) - 3500 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+y) \geq 3500 \quad \text{---} \textcircled{V}$$

From ②

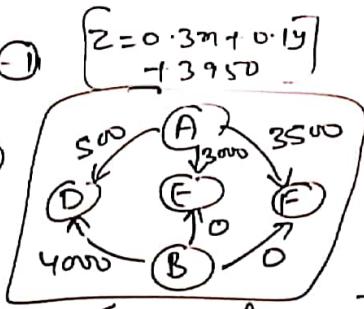
	A	B
x	0	7000
y	7000	0

at  $(0,10)$   $\rightarrow$  True  $\rightarrow$  towards  $(0,0)$

From eq. ⑤

	C	D
x	0	3500
y	3500	0

$9 + (0,0) \rightarrow$  False.  
gives away from  $(0,0)$



$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 7000 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 4500 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 3000 \end{cases}$$

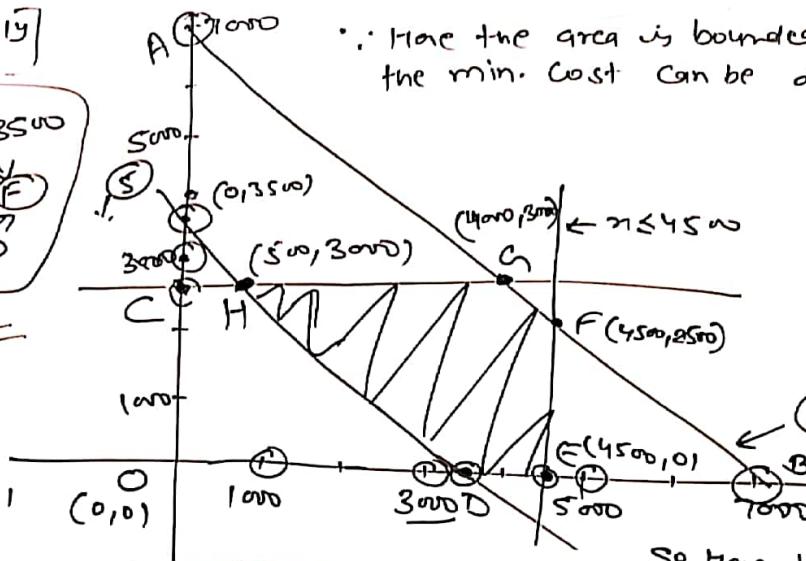
$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 500 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 3500 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 2500 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 1000 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} Z = 0.3x + 0.1y \\ 0 \end{cases}$$



$\therefore$  Since the area is bounded so the min. Cost can be determined.

Point	$Z = 0.3x + 0.1y + 3950$
H(500,3000)	$Z = 4400 \rightarrow \text{min}$
D(3500,0)	$Z = 5000$
E(4500,0)	$Z = 5300$
F(4500,2500)	$Z = 4550$
G(5000,3000)	$Z = 5450$

So Here the min. Cost of Tran. is 4400. Rs  
when point  $(500,3000)$

(i.e.  $x \rightarrow 500$ )

$y \rightarrow 3000$