

# AOD #

Ex:- the Radius of a circle increasing uniformly at a rate of  $\boxed{3 \text{ cm/sec}}$  Find the Rate at which area is increasing when  $\boxed{r=10}$  cm.

Sol:- Let Radius of circle  $\rightarrow r$

$$\text{given:- } \left[ \frac{d(r)}{dt} = 3 \text{ cm/sec.} \right]$$

$$\text{find:- } \left[ \frac{d(A)}{dt} = ? \text{ at } \underline{r=10} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \therefore \text{Area of circle } \Rightarrow [A = \pi r^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Diff wrt } \rightarrow t \rightarrow \frac{d(A)}{dt} = \frac{d(\pi r^2)}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \pi \cdot 2 \cdot r \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\left. \frac{dA}{dt} \right|_{r=10} = \pi \cdot 2 \cdot 10 \cdot 3 = \underline{60\pi} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec.}$$

# AOD #

Ex:- An edge of a cube increasing at 3cm/sec. How fast Volume increasing when edge = 10 cm long.

Sol<sup>n</sup>:- given: let edge of cube =  $x \Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dt} = 3 \text{ cm/sec.}$

find:- let volume of cube  $\Rightarrow V \Rightarrow \frac{dV}{dt} = ?$

sol:- Volume of cube  $\Rightarrow [V = x^3] \rightarrow$  Diff w.r.t  $\rightarrow t \rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{d(x^3)}{dt} \Rightarrow \left[ \frac{dV}{dt} = 3 \cdot x^2 \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} \right] = 3 \cdot (10)^2 \cdot 3 = 900 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

Ex:- Radius of circle is increasing at 0.7 cm/sec. what is the rate of increase of its circumference.

Ex:- A balloon, which remain spherical on inflation, is being inflated by pumping in 900  $\text{cm}^3$  of gas per second find Rate at which Radius of balloon increasing when  $r = 15 \text{ cm}$

Sol<sup>n</sup>:- given:  $\frac{dV}{dt} = 900 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$ , find:  $\frac{dr}{dt} = ?$ ,  $\therefore$  Volume of Sphere  $\Rightarrow V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$   
 $\text{So: } \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \right) = 900 \Rightarrow \frac{4}{3}\pi \cdot 3r^2 \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{900 \times \frac{3}{4}\pi \times \frac{1}{3 \cdot (15)^2}}{\frac{4\pi r^2}{4\pi \cdot 225}} = \frac{900 \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3 \cdot 225}}{1} = \frac{1}{\pi} \text{ cm/sec. or } \frac{1}{\pi} \text{ cm/sec. or } \frac{1}{\pi} \text{ cm/sec.}$

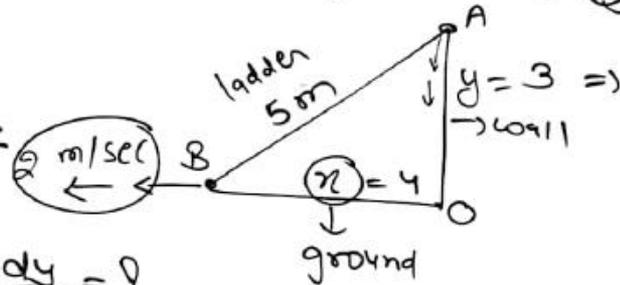
# AOD #

Ex:- a stone is dropped into lake & waves move in circle at speed of 5 cm/sec.  
at instant when  $r = 8$  cm, How fast area increasing.

Ex:- A Ladder 5m long is leaning against a wall. The bottom of ladder is pulled along the ground, away from the wall, at rate of 2 cm/sec. How fast is its height on the wall decreasing when the foot of ladder is 4 m away from the wall.

Sol<sup>n</sup>:- let AB is ladder in which A is point on wall & B on Grnd.

Let:- OA = y m & OB = x m



given  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 2 \text{ cm/sec}$ ; find  $\frac{dy}{dt} = ?$

$\Rightarrow \because$  AOB is Right  $\Delta$ .  $\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 25 \Rightarrow$  Diff. wrt  $\rightarrow t$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \because x = 4 \text{ m} \\ \& y = \sqrt{(5)^2 - (4)^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3 \text{ m} \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow 2x \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-16}{6} = -\frac{8}{3} \text{ cm/sec.}$$